



RS911xC 3.3-V and 2.5-V LVCMOS High-Performance Clock Buffer Family

1 FEATURES

 High-Performance 1:2, 1:3, 1:4 LVCMOS Clock Buffer Family

Supply Voltage: 3.3 V or 2.5 V
 f_{max} = 250 MHz for 3.3 V
 f_{max} = 180 MHz for 2.5 V

• Operating Temperature Range: -40°C to 85°C

Available in TSSOP8 Package

2 APPLICATIONS

 General-Purpose Communication, Industrial, and Consumer Applications

3 DESCRIPTIONS

Three different fan-out variations, 1:2 to 1:4, are available. All of the devices are pin-compatible to each other for easy handling.

All family members share the same high performing characteristics such as low skew, and wide operating temperature range.

The RS911xC supports an asynchronous output enable control (1G) which switches the outputs into a low state when 1G is low.

The RS911xC family operates in a 2.5-V and 3.3-V environment and are characterized for operation from -40°C to 85°C.

Device Information (1)

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE	BODY SIZE (NOM)
RS9112C		
RS9113C	TSSOP8	3.00 mm × 4.40 mm
RS9114C		

For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the data sheet.

4 FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM

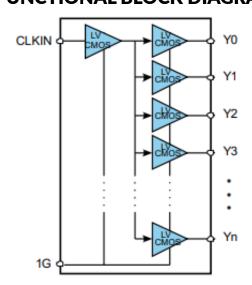




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5 REVISION HISTORY

Note: Page numbers for previous revisions may different from page numbers in the current version.

VERSION	Change Date	Change Item			
A.1	2024/02/27	27 Initial version completed			
A.2	2024/07/04	Added PACKAGE/ORDERING INFORMATION and TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION Update PIN CONFIGURATION AND FUNCTIONS			
A.3	2024/08/09	Update Recommended Operating Conditions			



6 PACKAGE/ORDERING INFORMATION (1)

PRODUCT	ORDERING NUMBER	TEMPERATURE RANGE(°C)	PACKAGE LEAD	PACKAGE MARKING (2)	MSL (3)	PACKAGE OPTION
	RS9112CYQ	-40°C ~85°C	TSSOP8	RS9112C	MSL3	Tape and Reel,4000
RS911xC	RS9113CYQ	-40°C ~85°C	TSSOP8	RS9113C	MSL3	Tape and Reel,4000
	RS9114CYQ	-40°C ~85°C	TSSOP8	RS9114C	MSL3	Tape and Reel,4000

NOTE:

- (1) This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the right-hand navigation.
- (2) There may be additional marking, which relates to the lot trace code information (data code and vendor code), the logo or the environmental category on the device.
- (3) RUNIC classify the MSL level with using the common preconditioning setting in our assembly factory conforming to the JEDEC industrial standard J-STD-20F, Please align with RUNIC if your end application is quite critical to the preconditioning setting or if you have special requirement.



7 PIN CONFIGURATION AND FUNCTIONS

Package TSSOP8 Top View



Pin Functions

FIII Fullcu	J113									
		PIN		T)/DE	DESCRIPTION					
NAME	RS9112C	RS9113C	RS9114C	TYPE	DESCRIPTION					
LVCMOS CLOCK INPUT										
CLKIN	1	1	1	Input	Input Pin					
CLOCK OUTPUT ENABLE										
1G	2	2	2	Input	Output Enable					
LVCMOS CL	ОСК ОИТРИТ									
Y0	3	3	3							
Y1	_	8	8		LVCMOS output. Unused outputs					
Y2	_	5	5	Output	can be left floating.					
Y3	_	_	7							
SUPPLY VOI	LTAGE									
V_{DD}	6	6	6	Power	2.5-V or 3.3-Vdevice supply					
GROUND										
GND	4	4	4	GND	Device ground					



8 SPECIFICATIONS

8.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) (1)

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
V _{DD}	Supply voltage	-0.5	3.9	V
V _{IN}	Input voltage ⁽²⁾	-0.5	V _{DD} +0.5	V
Vo	Output voltage (2)	-0.5	V _{DD} +0.5	V
I _{IN}	input current	-20	20	mA
lo	Continuous output current	-50	50	mA
TJ	Maximum junction temperature		125	°C
T _{stg}	Storage temperature	-65	150	°C

⁽¹⁾ Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under Recommended Operating Conditions is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

8.2 ESD Ratings

The following ESD information is provided for handling of ESD-sensitive devices in an ESD protected area only.

				VALUE	UNIT
			Human-Body Model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 ⁽¹⁾	±3000	
V(I	(ESD)	Electrostatic discharge	Charged-Device Model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101 ⁽²⁾	±1500	V

⁽¹⁾ JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

⁽²⁾ JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.



ESD SENSITIVITY CAUTION

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

8.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

			MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT	
V _{DD}	C	3.3V supply	3	3.3	3.6	V	
טט ע	Supply voltage	2.5V supply	2.3	2.5	2.7	\ \ \	
V _{IL}	Low-level input voltage	el input voltage V _{DD} = 2.3 V to 3.6 V			V _{DD} /2 - 600	mV	
V _{IH} High-level input voltage V		V _{DD} = 2.3 V to 3.6 V	V _{DD} /2 + 600			mV	
V _{TH}	Input threshold voltage	V _{DD} = 2.3 V to 3.6 V		V _{DD} /2		mV	
t _r / t _f	Input slew rate		1		4	V/ns	
_	Minimum pulse width at	V_{DD} = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	1.8				
tw	CLKIN	2.5V supply 2.3 2.5 ge		ns			
£	LVCMOS clock Input	V _{DD} = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	DC		250	MHz	
f_{CLK}	Frequency	V _{DD} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	DC		180	1411172	
TA	Operating free-air tempera	ature	-40		85	°C	

⁽²⁾ This value is limited to 3.9 V maximum.



8.4 Electrical Characteristics

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP ⁽¹⁾	MAX	UNIT
OVER	ALL PARAMETERS FOR ALL VERSIO	NS				
	Static device current	$1G = V_{DD}$; CLKIN = 0 V or V_{DD} ; $I_O = 0$ mA; $V_{DD} = 3.6$ V		3.5	10	mA
I _{DD}	Static device current	$1G = V_{DD}$; CLKIN = 0 V or V_{DD} ; $I_{O} = 0$ mA; $V_{DD} = 2.7$ V		1.5	6	mA
I _{PD}	Power-down current	$1G = 0 \text{ V}$; CLKIN = 0 V or V_{DD} ; $I_0 = 0$ mA; $V_{DD} = 3.6 \text{ V}$ or 2.7 V		34	60	μΑ
C_PD	Power dissipation capacitance per	V _{DD} = 3.3 V; f = 10 MHz		10.7		r
CPD	output ⁽²⁾	V _{DD} = 2.5 V; f = 10 MHz		7.4		pF
	Input leakage current at 1G	$V_{I} = 0 \text{ or } V_{DD}, V_{DD} = 3.6 \text{ Vor } 2.7 \text{ V}$		10		
lı	Input leakage current at CLKIN	$V_{I} = 0 \text{ or } V_{DD}, V_{DD} = 3.6 \text{ V or } 2.7 \text{ V}$		28		μΑ
R _{OUT}	Output impedance	VDD = 3.3 V		42		Ω
		VDD = 2.5 V	49			
	Output frequency	VDD = 3 V to 3.6 V			250	
fout		Output frequency VDD = 2.3 V to 2.7 V DC				
OUTF	PUT PARAMETERS FOR V _{DD} = 3.3 V ±	0.3 V	•	•	•	
		V _{DD} = 3 V, I _{OH} = -0.1 mA	2.9			
V_{OH}	High-level output voltage	V _{DD} = 3 V, I _{OH} = -8 mA	2.5			V
		V _{DD} = 3 V, I _{OH} = -12 mA	2.2			
		V _{DD} = 3 V, I _{OL} = 0.1 mA			0.1	
V_{OL}	Low-level output voltage	V _{DD} = 3 V, I _{OL} = 8 mA			0.5	V
		V _{DD} = 3 V, I _{OL} = 12 mA			0.8	
OUTF	PUT PARAMETERS FOR V _{DD} = 2.5 V ±	0.2 V	•			•
		V _{DD} = 2.3 V, I _{OH} = -0.1 mA	2.2			V
Vон	High-level output voltage	V _{DD} = 2.3 V, I _{OH} = -8 mA	V _{DD} = 2.3 V, I _{OH} = -8 mA 1.7			
		V _{DD} = 2.3 V, I _{OL} = 0.1 mA			0.1	.,
Vol	Low-level output voltage			0.5	V	

⁽¹⁾ All typical values are at respective nominal VDD. For switching characteristics, outputs are terminated to 50 Ω to $V_{DD}/2$ (see Figure 1).

$$\begin{split} &P_{tot} = P_{stat} + P_{dyn} + P_{Cload}\left[W\right] \\ &P_{stat} = V_{DD} \times I_{DD}\left[W\right] \\ &P_{dyn} = C_{PD} \times V_{DD}^2 \times f\left[W\right] \\ &P_{Cload} = C_{load} \times V_{DD}^2 \times f \times n\left[W\right] \end{split}$$

n = Number of switching output pins

⁽²⁾ This is the formula for the power dissipation calculation (see and the Power Considerations section).



8.5 Switching Characteristics over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP (1)	MAX	UNIT
OUTPUT	PARAMETERS FOR VDD = 3.3	3 V ± 0.3 V	•			•
t _{PLH} / t _{PHL}	Propagation delay	CLKIN toYn	0.8		2.0	ns
t _r / t _f	Rise and fall time	20%-80% (V _{OH} - V _{OL})	0.3		0.8	ns
t _{DIS}	Output disable time	1G to Yn			6	ns
t _{EN}	Output enable time	1G to Yn			6	ns
t _{sk(p)}	Pulse skew ; t _{PLH(Yn)} - t _{PHL(Yn)} (1)				180	ps
tjitter	Additive jitter rms ⁽²⁾	12 kHz to 20 MHz, fout = 250 MHz			100	fs
OUTPUT	PARAMETERS FOR V _{DD} =2.5 \	/ ± 0.2 V				
t _{PLH} / t _{PHL}	Propagation delay	CLKIN to Yn	1		2.6	ns
t _r / t _f	Rise and fall time	20%-80% (V _{OH} - V _{OL})	0.3		1.2	ns
t _{DIS}	Output disable time	1G to Yn			10	ns
t _{EN}	Output enable time	1G to Yn			10	ns
t _{sk(p)}	Pulse skew ; t _{PLH(Yn)} - t _{PHL(Yn)} (1)				220	ps
tjitter	Additive jitter rms (2)	12 kHz to 20 MHz, fout = 180 MHz			350	fs

⁽¹⁾ $t_{sk(p)}$ depends on output rise- and fall-time (t_r/t_f) . The output duty-cycle can be calculated: odc = $(t_{w(OUT)} \pm t_{sk(p)})/t_{period}$; $t_{w(OUT)}$ is pulse-width of output waveform and t_{period} is $1/f_{OUT}$.

⁽²⁾ Parameter is specified by characterization. Not tested in production



9 Parameter Measurement Information

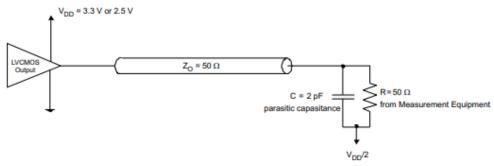


Figure 1. Test Load Circuit

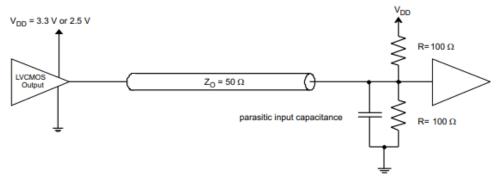


Figure 2. Application Load With $50-\Omega$ Line Termination

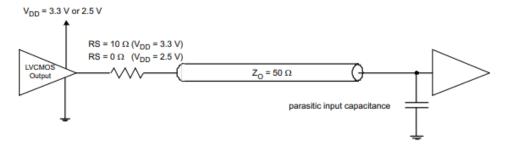


Figure 3. Application Load With Series Line Termination

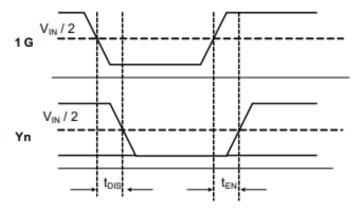


Figure 4. t_{DIS} and t_{EN} for Disable Low



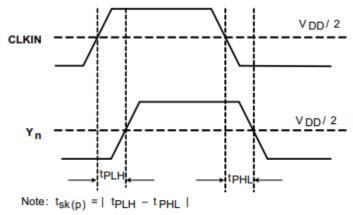


Figure 5. Pulse Skew tsk(p) and Propagation Delay t_{PLH}/t_{PHL}

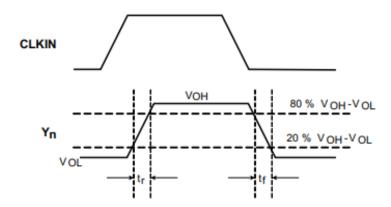


Figure 6. Rise/Fall Times t_r/t_f



10 DETAILED DESCRIPTION

10.1 Overview

The RS911xC family of devices is a low-jitter and low-skew LVCMOS fan-out buffer solution. For best signal integrity, it is important to match the characteristic impedance of the RS911xC 's output driver with that of the transmission line. Figure 2 and Figure 3 show the proper configuration per configuration for both V_{DD} = 3.3 V and V_{DD} = 2.5 V. RUNIC recommends placing the series resistor close to the driver to minimize signal reflection.

10.2 Functional Block Diagram

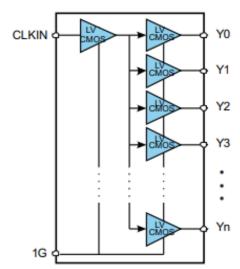


Figure 7. RS911xC functional block diagram

 INPUTS
 OUTPUTS

 CLKIN
 1G
 Yn

 X
 L
 L

 L
 L
 L

 H
 H
 H

Table 1. Output Logic Table

10.3 Feature Description

The outputs of the RS911xC can be disabled by driving the asynchronous output enable pin (1G) low. Unused output can be left floating to reduce overall system component cost. All supply and ground pins must be connected to V_{DD} and GND, respectively.

10.4 Device Functional Modes

The RS911xC operates from supplies between 2.5 V and 3.3 V.



11 APPLICATION AND IMPLEMENTATION

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the RUNIC component specification, and RUNIC does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. RUNIC's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers should validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

11.1 Application Information

The RS911xC family is a low additive jitter LVCMOS buffer solution that can operate up to 250 MHz at and 180 MHz at V_{DD} = 2.5 V. Low output skew as well as the ability for asynchronous output enable is featured to simultaneously enable or disable buffered clock outputs as necessary in the application.

11.2 Typical Application

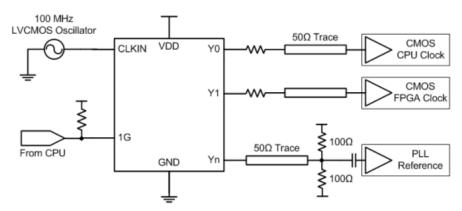


Figure 8. Example System Configuration

11.3 Design Requirements

The RS911xC shown in Figure 8 is configured to fan out a 100-MHz signal from a local LVCMOS oscillator. The CPU is configured to control the output state through 1G. The configuration example is driving three LVCMOS receivers in a backplane application with the following properties:

- The CPU clock can accept a full swing DC-coupled LVCMOS signal. A series resistor is placed near the RS911xC to closely match the characteristic impedance of the trace to minimize reflections.
- The FPGA clock is similarly DC-coupled with an appropriate series resistor placed near the RS911xC.
- The PLL in this example can accept a lower amplitude signal, so a Thevenin's equivalent termination is used. The PLL receiver features internal biasing, so AC coupling can be used when common-mode voltage is mismatched.

11.4 Detailed Design Procedure

Refer to Figure 3 and the Electrical Characteristics table to determine the appropriate series resistance needed for matching the output impedance of the RS911xC to that of the characteristic impedance of the transmission line

Unused outputs can be left floating. See the Power Supply Recommendations section for recommended filtering techniques.



12 POWER SUPPLY RECOMMENDATIONS

High-performance clock buffers are sensitive to noise on the power supply, which can dramatically increase the additive jitter of the buffer. Thus, it is essential to reduce noise from the system power supply, especially when the jitter and phase noise is critical to applications.

Filter capacitors are used to eliminate the low-frequency noise from the power supply, where the bypass capacitors provide the very low impedance path for high-frequency noise and guards the power supply system against induced fluctuations. These bypass capacitors also provide instantaneous current surges as required by the device and should have low equivalent series resistance (ESR). To properly use the bypass capacitors, they must be placed very close to the power-supply terminals and laid out with short loops to minimize inductance. RUNIC recommends adding as many high-frequency (for example, $0.1~\mu\text{F}$) bypass capacitors, as there are supply terminals in the package. RUNIC recommends, but does not require, inserting a ferrite bead between the board power supply and the chip power supply that isolates the high-frequency switching noises generated by the clock buffer; these beads prevent the switching noise from leaking into the board supply. It is imperative to choose an appropriate ferrite bead with very low DC resistance to provide adequate isolation between the board supply and the chip supply, as well as to maintain a voltage at the supply terminals that is greater than the minimum voltage required for proper operation.

Figure 9 shows this recommended power supply decoupling method.

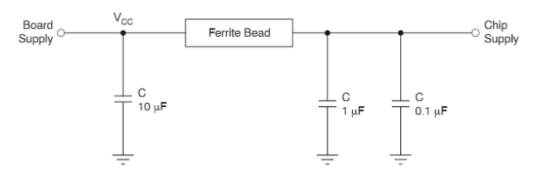


Figure 9. Power Supply Decoupling

12.1 Power Considerations

The following power consideration refers to the device-consumed power consumption only. The device power consumption is the sum of static power and dynamic power. The dynamic power usage consists of two components:

- Power used by the device as it switches states.
- Power required to charge any output load.

The output load can be capacitive only or capacitive and resistive. The following formula and the power graphs in and Figure 1 can be used to obtain the power consumption of the device:

```
\begin{split} P_{dev} &= P_{stat} + n \left( P_{dyn} + P_{Cload} \right) \\ P_{stat} &= V_{DD} \times I_{DD} \ P_{dyn} + P_{Cload} \end{split}
```

where:

 V_{DD} = Supply voltage (3.3Vor 2.5 V)

 I_{DD} = Static device current (typical 3.5 mA for V_{DD} = 3.3 V; typical 1.5 mA for V_{DD} = 2.5 V)

n = Number of switching output pins

Example for device power consumption for RS9114C: four outputs are switching, f = 120 MHz, $V_{DD} = 3.3$ V, and $C_{load} = 2$ pF per output:

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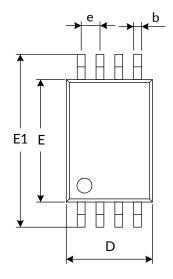
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P_{dev} = P_{stat} + n (P_{dyn} + P_{Cload}) = 11.55 \text{ mW} + 50 \text{ mW} = 61.55 \text{ mW}
```

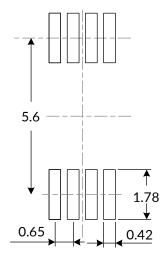
 $P_{stat} = V_{DD} \times I_{DD} = 3.5 \text{ mA} \times 3.3 \text{ V} = 11.55 \text{ mW}$

 $n (P_{dyn} + P_{Cload}) = 4 \times 12.5 \text{ mW} = 50 \text{ mW}$



13 PACKAGE OUTLINE DIMENSIONS TSSOP8 (3)





RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN (Unit: mm)





Complete	Dimensions I	n Millimeters	Dimensions In Inches		
Symbol	Min	Мах	Min	Max	
A (1)		1.200		0.047	
A1	0.050	0.150	0.002	0.006	
A2	0.800	1.050	0.031	0.041	
b	0.190	0.300	0.007	0.012	
С	0.090	0.200 3.100	0.004 0.114	0.008	
D (1)	2.900			0.122	
E (1)	4.300	4.500	0.169	0.177	
E1	6.250	6.550	0.246	0.258	
е	0.650(BSC) (2)	0.026(BSC) (2)	
L	0.500	0.500 0.700 0.020		0.028	
Н	0.25(TYP)		0.01	(TYP)	
θ	1°	7°	1°	7°	

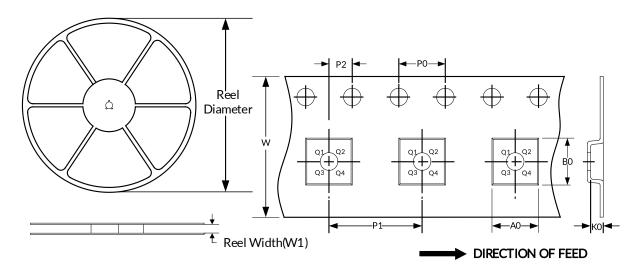
NOTE:

- 1. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.15mm maximum per side are not included.
- 2. BSC (Basic Spacing between Centers), "Basic" spacing is nominal.
- 3. This drawing is subject to change without notice.



14 TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION REEL DIMENSIONS

TAPE DIMENSION



NOTE: The picture is only for reference. Please make the object as the standard.

KEY PARAMETER LIST OF TAPE AND REEL

Package Type	Reel Diameter	Reel Width W1(mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	P2 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TSSOP8	13"	12.4	6.90	3.45	1.65	4.0	8.0	2.0	12.0	Q1

NOTE:

- 1. All dimensions are nominal.
- 2. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.15mm maximum per side are not included.



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